population life. Oral implantology allows us the rehabilitation of edentulous patient fixed, without resorting to conventional treatments of removable prostheses, which affect it in terms of function, aesthetic and psychology. At first, this type of technique required a certain period of osseointegration and stability of implants, which increased the delay in the placement of prosthetic rehabilitation. However, new protocols have been developed in order to simplify the surgical and prostheses phases, providing the patient with an immediate, definite and less traumatic solution with predictable results. Nowadays, one of the most used methods is the immediate loading of implants, which allows us to place them in the same surgical act and in turn the restoration. In order to get a feasible procedure, we must consider the individual characteristics of each patient, as well as the rehabilitation we have planned to perform at the same.

- Poster 10
TITLE: Use of zygomatic implants for rehabilitation of atrophic jaws in elderly patients


* doi:10.4317/medoral.17644086
http://dx.doi.org/10.4317/medoral.17644086

The oral cavity influences the overall health of the elderly, from language and chewing up the physical appearance and self-esteem. Edentulism is one of the main problems of geriatric patients. With tooth loss accompanied by severe bone resorption, is difficult rehabilitation with implants in atrophic jaws. The introduction of the concept and protocol of All-on-four can offer to geriatric patients the possibility of a fixed prosthesis on four implants the same day intervention. Immediate loading of four implants, two conventional and two tilted implants for avoid anatomical structures (maxillary sinus, foramina) in the treatment of edentulous maxilla or mandible constitute a dental treatment with a high success rate success. So is achieved immediately, increase patient satisfaction including functionality, perception and aesthetics.

- Poster 11
TITLE: All-on-Four as a treatment option for geriatric edentulous patients


* doi:10.4317/medoral.17644087
http://dx.doi.org/10.4317/medoral.17644087

Oral implantology has become one of de most important fields in dentistry in recent years, allowing partial and totally rehabilitation of edentulous patient. In geriatric patients, as a result of aging and progressive tooth loss, at the same time occurs an alveolar bone resorption that sometimes difficult us to place the implants in the ideal position for the subsequent prosthetic rehabilitation. This forces us to employ techniques of bone regeneration or maxillary sinus lifts, which involve certain risks in terms of systemic pathology and medication to the patient. Nowadays they are developing other therapeutic alternatives in order to avoid the techniques previously referred, decreasing morbidity and promoting acceptance of implant treatment by the patient. Use of zygomatic implants is one of the most used procedures, showing a high rate of success and considerate a safe and predictable technique. Even so, it has a number of disadvantages because it is a complex procedure involving a important number of anatomical structures and requires a previous surgical experience.

- Poster 12
TITLE: Implant-Retained Removable Partial Dentures. An alternative therapy in elderly patients

AUTHORS: Monje Iñigo MM, Miralles Cruceira M, Reche Ibañez A, Matos Garrido N, Ortiz Garcia I, Velasco Ortega E.

* doi:10.4317/medoral.17644088
http://dx.doi.org/10.4317/medoral.17644088

Today, partial dentures remain one of the choices made by elderly patients. There are certain drawbacks of such prostheses though, mainly due to the misfit appearing with time which causes certain rotation on the free ends. This brings about discomfort that affects mastication, phonation and patient self-confidence. Inserting